

NAVSEA  
STANDARD ITEM

FY-19

ITEM NO: 009-69  
DATE: 01 OCT 2017  
CATEGORY: I

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Heavy Weather/Mooring Plan; provide

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 845-6686999 Rev E, US Navy Vessel Water Depth, Mooring and Hull/Appendage Clearance Requirements for Transit and Berthing

2.2 DDS 582-1, Design Data Sheet, Calculations for Mooring Systems

2.3 S9086-TW-STM-010/CH-582, Mooring and Towing

2.4 UFC 4-159-03, Mooring Design

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Maintain a written Heavy Weather Plan that shall be implemented during gales, storms, hurricanes, and destructive weather, including mooring calculations in accordance with 2.1 and 2.2, using 2.3 and 2.4 for guidance. The documented Heavy Weather Plan shall be submitted to the SUPERVISOR for a document review and acceptance. The contractor shall have an acceptable documented Heavy Weather Plan, in accordance with this Standard Item, in place no later than 15 days prior to availability start date. The Heavy Weather Plan shall be subject to periodic conformity audits by the SUPERVISOR throughout the contract.

3.1.1 Submit updated or changed plans to the SUPERVISOR as they occur.

3.2 Ensure that the plan designates responsibility and implements procedures for prevention of damage to naval ships, craft, barges, and lighters. This includes periods when ships, craft, barges, and lighters are physically located in private contractors' plants; during times when work on ships, craft, barges, and lighters at naval facilities requires openings to hulls or decks; and when contractor owned/furnished floating equipment is tied alongside ships, craft, barges, and lighters.

3.2.1 The plan shall contain specific responsibilities and detailed actions to be taken during the weather conditions listed below.

3.2.2 Conditions where there is substantial advance warning for approaching adverse weather are addressed by the following 4 categories:

3.2.2.1 Gale/Storm/Hurricane Condition IV: Trend indicates a possible threat of destructive winds of force indicated within 72 hours.

3.2.2.2 Gale/Storm/Hurricane Condition III: Destructive winds of force indicated are possible within 48 hours.

3.2.2.3 Gale/Storm/Hurricane Condition II: Destructive winds of force indicated are anticipated within 24 hours.

3.2.2.4 Gale/Storm/Hurricane Condition I: Destructive winds of force indicated are anticipated within 12 hours or less.

3.2.3 Conditions where there is little or no advance warning for approaching adverse weather are addressed by the following 2 categories:

3.2.3.1 Thunderstorm/Tornado Condition II: Destructive winds accompanying the phenomenon indicated are reported or expected in the general area within 6 hours. Lightning and thunder are also anticipated.

3.2.3.2 Thunderstorm/Tornado Condition I: Destructive winds accompanying the phenomenon are imminent. Lightning and thunder are also anticipated.

3.3 Ensure that the plan contains, as a minimum, the following information as dictated by conditions listed in 3.2:

3.3.1 Steps to be taken to remove or secure staging items or equipment on decks of ships, craft, barges, and lighters, pier or dry dock, including cranes that could become wind-borne.

3.3.2 Protection of ships, craft, barges, and lighters from damage from other floating equipment, such as barges, doughnuts, work floats, and other ships, craft, barges, and lighters.

3.3.3 Provisions for protection of government equipment and material in custody of the contractor from damage by pierside flooding.

3.3.4 Provisions for removal of temporary hoses, welding lines, air lines, oxygen/acetylene lines, etc., extending through watertight closures.

3.3.5 Provisions for security, emergency fire and flooding protection, emergency shipboard dewatering and fire main capability, emergency shipboard electrical generation, and emergency shipboard communications.

3.3.5.1 Specific requirements for emergency shipboard fire main capability are shown on Attachment A.

3.3.5.2 The minimum requirements for emergency shipboard electrical generation equipment are shown on Attachment B.

3.3.5.3 One portable dewatering pump and associated equipment shall be available adjacent to each damage control equipment box such that 200 gal/min at a discharge head of 50 feet of dewatering capacity can be used at the scene of a casualty within 3 minutes of receiving an alarm. Additional dewatering capacity to provide 1,000 gal/min at a discharge head of 50 feet at the scene shall be available within 15 minutes. During the waterborne overhaul period, no damage control system associated with flooding prevention and control or any portion thereof shall be removed or made inoperable without prior notification of the **SUPERVISOR** and to the casualty-control station and until a back-up system has been established.

3.3.6 Provisions for access to the ship for personnel and emergency equipment during and immediately following the storm consistent with prudent safety precautions.

3.3.7 Assurance that all hull/deck openings are made watertight.

3.3.8 Steps to be taken to secure floating piers during high winds/high tides.

3.3.9 Provisions for messing contractor, Ship's Force, and SUPERVISOR duty personnel for 3 days (minimum). The maximum number of Navy personnel will be 15.

3.3.10 The name and telephone number (business and residential) of the private contractor's single point of contact. This person shall have the authority to commit the contractor to take necessary actions as requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.3.11 Provisions for operation and manning of a Hurricane Control Center, with capabilities of telephone and portable radio communications with the ship and SUPERVISOR duty personnel.

3.4 Ensure that the plan contains the following mooring related information:

3.4.1 Specify steps to be taken to secure ships, craft, barges, and lighters to contractor's pier, dry dock, graving dock, marine railway, or contractor's other facility. Information must define specific precautions to be taken and supporting calculations, to include limits of docking blocks and dock stability for both normal and heavy weather conditions. Calculations for heavy weather configurations shall include wind and tidal considerations.

3.4.1.1 Provide the heavy weather state at which the ship must be undocked.

3.4.2 Submit mooring calculations for the worst anticipated loading condition during the availability. For ships with a self-compensating fuel

system, the loading condition shall show the self-compensation fuel system full of water, fuel, or some combination of fuel and water, projecting the worse possible condition as shown in calculations for maintaining ship's stability. Determine the combined loading due to wind load from each direction and both peak flood and ebb current loads at low and high tides. Calculations may require re-submittal if significant changes occur from the original estimate on which the calculations were based.

3.4.3 For ships in dry dock, provide limits and supporting calculations for listed conditions. Analyze both the "normal" dock configuration and the "heavy weather" configuration.

3.4.3.1 Maximum safe wind speed and surge for side block strength and stability. Include maximum loading of the side blocks on ship.

3.4.3.2 Maximum safe wind speed and surge for dry dock strength and stability.

3.4.3.3 Surge required to float ship.

3.4.3.4 Table or graph showing safe combinations of wind speed and surge.

3.4.4 For ships pierside, provide limits and supporting calculations for ship loading conditions specified in 3.4.2. Analyze the "heavy weather" mooring configuration that would be used during the conditions specified in 3.2. Analyze worst-case wind directions including frontal, broadside, and quartering.

3.4.4.1 Maximum safe wind speed for mooring strength. Include strength of pier, pier fittings, mooring lines, and shipboard fittings. Maximum applied load on any mooring line shall be the breaking strength of the mooring line divided by 2.5 (factor of safety of 2.5).

3.4.4.2 Maximum safe surge for mooring.

3.4.4.3 Maximum safe elongation of mooring lines. Include the following information:

Size and type of mooring line;  
Percent elongation of mooring line at failure;  
Tattletale-free length and length between attachments.

3.4.4.4 Sketch, showing size, type, and location (vertical and horizontal angles) of all securing devices including fenders, bumpers, and camels.

3.4.5 Include the following statement, providing the necessary data:

USS \_\_\_\_\_ can be safely moored to withstand a maximum of \_\_\_ mph winds with a \_\_\_ knot current and a \_\_\_ foot storm surge.

4. NOTES:

4.1 The SUPERVISOR will set Conditions of Readiness consistent with the forecasts and advisories of the local Weather Service Office of National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA).

4.2 NOAA defines the 5 categories of hurricanes as follows:

<u>CATEGORY</u>	<u>WIND SPEED</u>		<u>STORM SURGE</u>
1	74 - 95 MPH	OR	4 - 5 FT ABOVE NORMAL
2	96 - 110 MPH	OR	6 - 8 FT ABOVE NORMAL
3	111 - 129 MPH	OR	9 - 12 FT ABOVE NORMAL
4	130 - 156 MPH	OR	13 - 18 FT ABOVE NORMAL
5	157 MPH OR HIGHER	OR	GREATER THAN 18 FT

ABOVE  
NORMAL

4.3 Attachment C contains regional heavy weather conditions based on historical data and is provided as information only; the historical data is not intended to place limitations/restrictions on other values appropriate and/or previously authorized by a Naval Supervising Activity for their cognizant contractor(s) sites.

4.4 The Heavy Weather Plan submitted in 3.1 requires a one-time submittal/acceptance unless this NAVSEA Standard Item and/or references change or contractor's status changes.

ATTACHMENT A  
FIRE PROTECTION WATER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

<u>SHIP TYPE</u>	<u>FLOW, GPM</u> *
AD Destroyer Tender	1,500
ADG Degaussing Ship	500
AF Store Ship	1,500
AG Miscellaneous Auxiliary Ship	1,500
AGEH Hydrofoil Research Ship	500
AGF Miscellaneous Flagship	2,000
AGFF Frigate Research Ship	1,000
AGM Missile Range Instrumentation Ship	1,500
AGMR Major Communications Relay Ship	1,500
AGOR Oceanographic Research Ship	500
AGP Gunboat Support Ship	2,000
AGS Surveying Ship	1,000
AH Hospital Ship	1,000
AK Cargo Ship	1,500
AKS Store Issue Ship	1,500
AKR Vehicle Cargo Ship	1,500
ANL Net Laying Ship	500
AO Oiler	1,500
AOE Fast Combat Support Ship	1,500
AOG Gasoline Tanker	1,000
AP Transport Ship	1,000
APB Self-propelled Barracks Ship	500
AR Repair Ship	1,500
ARB Battle Damage Repair Ship	500
ARC Cable Repair and Laying Ship	1,000
ARG Internal Combustion Engine Repair Ship	1,500
ARL Landing Craft Repair Ship	1,000
ARS Salvage Ship	500
ARSD Salvage Lifting Ship	500
ARST Salvage Tender	1,000
ARVA Aircraft Repair Ship	1,000
ARVE Aircraft Engine Ship	1,000
ARVH Helicopter Tender	1,500
AS Submarine Tender	1,500
ASR Submarine Rescue Ship	600
ATA Ocean Tug	500
ATF Ocean Tug Fleet	500
ATS Salvage and Rescue Tug	500
AVM Guided Missile Ship	1,500
CV, CVN Aircraft Carrier	3,000
CG Guided Missile Cruiser	1,000

ATTACHMENT A  
 FIRE PROTECTION WATER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS (Con't)

<u>SHIP TYPE</u>	<u>FLOW (GPM) *</u>
DDG Guided Missile Destroyer	1,000
FFG Guided Missile Frigate	1,000
IX Unclassified Miscellaneous	1,500
LCC Amphibious Command Ship	1,000
LCS Littoral Combat Ship	1,000
LHA Amphibious Assault Ship	2,500 **
LHD Amphibious Assault Ship	2,500
LKA Amphibious Cargo Ship	1,500
LPD Amphibious Transport Dock	1,500 ***
LSD Landing Ship Dock	2,000 ***
YRB Repair and Berthing Barge	500
YRBM Repair, Berthing and Messing Barge	500
YRBL Repair, Berthing and Messing Barge (large)	500
LST Landing Ship Tank	1,500 ***
MCM Mine Counter Measures Ship	750
PC Patrol Coastal	500
PCH Hydrofoil Patrol Craft	500
PG Patrol Combatants	500
PGH Hydrofoil Gunboat	500

\* All flows are from the pier or dry dock outlet and are available at adequate residual pressures from those systems in compliance with present design criteria for dry docks and piers as reflected in NAVFAC design manuals (UFC 4-213-10, UFC 4-213-12, UFC 4-150-01, UFC 4-150-02, and UFC 4-150-06).

\*\* Includes supply to operate 2 hangar sprinkler groups and 2, 2-1/2-inch hoselines.

\*\*\* Includes supply to operate one sprinkler group and 2, 2-1/2-inch hoses.

## ATTACHMENT B

HEAVY WEATHER  
EMERGENCY POWER REQUIREMENT

		<u>SHIP TYPE (NOTE 3)</u>	<u>MINIMUM POWER REQUIREMENT (KILOWATTS EXCEPT AS NOTED)</u>
AD	15, 18, 19	Destroyer Tender	358
AD	37, 38		529
AD	41, 42, 43, 44		809
AE	26CL	Ammunition Ship	264
AGDS	2	Deep Submergence Support Ship	186
AGF	3, 11	Miscellaneous Flagship	498
AGM		Missile Range Instrumentation Ship	
AGOR	11, 23	Oceanographic Research Ship	
AGOS	1	Ocean Surveillance Ship	109
AGOS	19	Ocean Surveillance Ship	246
AGS		Survey Ship	221
AH		Hospital Ship	628
AK		Cargo Ship	
AKR		Vehicle Cargo Ship	
AO(J)	51, 98, 99	Oiler	186
AO	105, 143, 187	Oiler	
AO	177CL		373
AO	177 (JUMBO)	Oiler	451
AOE	1CL	Fast Combat Support Ship	436
AOE	6	Fast Combat Support Ship	1,090
AOT	168	Transport Oiler	
AP	122	Transport Ship	
APL		Berthing and Messing Barge	
AR	5, 6, 7, 8	Repair Ship	373
ARC		Cable Repair and Laying Ship	264
ARD		Auxiliary Repair Dock	
ARDM		Medium Auxiliary Repair Dock	



ATTACHMENT B  
(CON'T)

HEAVY WEATHER  
EMERGENCY POWER REQUIREMENT

		<u>SHIP TYPE (NOTE 3)</u>	<u>MINIMUM POWER REQUIREMENT (KILOWATTS EXCEPT AS NOTED)</u>
ARS	8, 38CL	Salvage Ship	15
ARS	50CL	Salvage Ship	100
AS	11	Submarine Tender	327
AS	18		436
AS	19		559
AS	31, 32		622
AS	33, 34		529
AS	36, 37		467
AS	39, 40, 41		653
ASR	9, 13, 14, 15	Submarine Rescue	16
ASR	21CL		124
ATF	91, 113	Ocean Tug Fleet	16
ATS	1CL	Salvage and Rescue Tug	93
BB		Battleship	436
CG	16-24	Guided Missile Cruiser	467
CG	26CL		358
CG	47CL		638
CG	52CL		623
CGN	9	Guided Missile Cruiser (Nuclear)	872
CGN	25		872
CGN	35		872
CGN	36CL, 38CL		653
CV	60-62, 66	Aircraft Carrier	1,152
CV	63, 64, 67		1,339
CVN	65	Aircraft Carrier (Nuclear)	1,837
CVN	68-70		2,491
CVN	71		
CVN	72		

ATTACHMENT B  
(CON'T)

HEAVY WEATHER  
EMERGENCY POWER REQUIREMENT

		<u>SHIP TYPE (NOTE 3)</u>	<u>MINIMUM POWER REQUIREMENT (KILOWATTS EXCEPT AS NOTED)</u>
DD	963-992, 997	Destroyer	498
DDG	2CL	Guided Missile Destroyer	280
DDG	37CL		358
DDG	51CL		1,121
DDG	993CL		662
FFT	1052CL	Frigate (Reserve Training)	202
FFG	7CL	Guided Missile Frigate	436
LCC	19, 20	Amphibious Command Ship	436
LCU*		Landing Craft	
LHA	1CL	Amphibious Assault Ship	840
LHD	1CL		
LKA	113CL	Attack Cargo Ship	218
LPD	1, 2, 4CL, 7CL, 14CL	Amphibious Transport	218
LPD	17CL		1,050
LPH	2, 3, 7, 9-12	Amphibious Assault Ship	280
LSD	36CL	Landing Ship Dock	295
LSD	41CL		334
LST	1179CL	Landing Ship Tank	280
MCM	1	Mine Countermeasures	80
PC		Patrol Coastal	50
PHM	1-6	Guided Missile Patrol Combatants	35 (NOTE 2)
YD		Floating Crane	

\* Type includes ASDV, YFU, YFB

ATTACHMENT B  
(CON'T)

HEAVY WEATHER  
EMERGENCY POWER REQUIREMENT

MINIMUM POWER  
REQUIREMENT  
(KILOWATTS  
EXCEPT AS NOTED)

SHIP TYPE (NOTE 3)

YRB	Repair & Berthing Barge
YRBM	Repair, Berthing and Messing Barge
YTB	Harbor Tug (Large)
	Yard Craft (Misc.)

GENERAL NOTES: The power requirement listed is the minimum considered necessary for emergency power if the main source of shore power is lost during heavy weather situations. Each contractor's heavy weather plan shall specify the individual power capacity for each ship connected to the ship's shore power distribution system. Electrical information referenced from MIL-HDBK-1025/2.

NOTES:

1 - CAPACITY IS GIVEN IN KW. UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED. INPUT VOLTAGE IS 450 VOLTS, 3 PHASE, 3 WIRE, 60 HERTZ, UNGROUNDED. POWER FACTOR IS APPROXIMATELY 0.8.

2 - REQUIREMENT IS TO SUPPORT AN EXISTING PORTABLE MOTOR GENERATOR SET WHICH CONVERTS THE 60 HERTZ POWER TO 400 HERTZ POWER. THE MOTOR GENERATOR SET NORMALLY ACCOMPANIES THE SHIP SUPPORT FACILITIES.

3 - POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR ANY SHIP TYPE NOT LISTED SHALL BE DETERMINED BY COMPARISON WITH A SHIP(S) OF SIMILAR DESIGN LOAD AND APPROPRIATE SHIP'S INFORMATION BOOK.

## ATTACHMENT C

## HEAVY WEATHER CONDITIONS

SITE	WIND (Knots)	CURRENT (Knots)	SURGE (Feet)
Bath, ME	83	2.5	8.7
Portsmouth NSY, NH	84	3.8	12.8
SUBBASE New London, CT	87	0.2	10.8
Norfolk NSY, VA	82	0.4	8.9
NAVSTA Norfolk, VA	87	0.8	8.4
NAB Little Creek, VA	91	0.3	7.1
Newport News Ship Building, VA	87	1.3	8.4
SUBBASE Kings Bay, GA	96	0.3	9.1
NAVSTA Mayport, FL	96	3.1	7.5
NAVSTA Pascagoula, MS	104	Negligible	6.1
NAVSTA Ingleside, TX	109	2	16.2
NAVSTA Everett, WA	74	0.6	14.4
SUBBASE Bangor, WA	64	1.1	14.7
Puget Sound NSY, WA	64	0.5	15.4
NAS North Island, CA	52	0.6	8.4
Pearl Harbor NSY, HI	87	Negligible	3.5
Guam	122	2	4.7
La Maddelana, Italy	89	Negligible	Not Available