

Armament Directorate





FMS USAF F-15/F-16 11 – 12 June 2019

Program Manager AFLCMC/EBHJ Munitions Sustainment Division Hill Air Force Base, Utah



Overview



- CAD/PAD Health Status
- F-15 Components
 - Canopy Remover Cartridge
- F-16 Components
 - Canopy Jettison Rocket Motor (CJRM)
 - Emergency Canopy Release Line (ECRL)
 - M99 Initiator
 - 0.33/0.40/1.0 Dual Delay Initiator
 - Gas-Actuated DTA Initiator
 - Manually-Actuated Detonation Transfer Assembly (DTA) Initiator
 - Thin Layer Explosive (TLX) lines (DTA Lines)
- New Qualified Components
- Shelf/Service Life Changes



CAD/PAD Health



| Platform | | | STA | TUS | | | ISSUES |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| F-15 (one medium risk Hazard Risk Assessment (HRA) - Canopy Remover Cartridges) | | | | | | | Internal Canopy Jettison Initiators, Canopy Remover Cartridges, Ejection Sequence Selectors, and Shielded Mild Detonating Cord (SMDC) to Gas Initiators are the only F-15 specific components on a temporary life extension for lack of parts. Late contract awards, manufacturer production problems, Lot Acceptance Test (LAT) failures, capacity, delinquent contract deliveries, 5808.32 propellant/Diminishing Manufacturing Sources and Material Shortages (DMSMS) |
| F-16 (one medium risk HRA - TLX Lines) | | | | | | | TLX Lines, M99 Initiators, and Dual Delay Initiators are the majority of F-16 specific components on a temporary life extension for lack of parts. Late contract awards, manufacturer production problems, LAT failures, product recalls, capacity, and delinquent contract deliveries |
| ACES II (two medium risk HRAs - DRS, Harness Release Cartridges) | | | | | | | Reefing Line Cutters, Trajectory Divergence Rocket Motors, Harness Release Cartridges, and DRS are majority of components on a temporary life extension for lack of parts affecting F-15 and F- 16 aircraft. Late contract awards, manufacturer production problems, LAT failures and delinquent contract deliveries |
| | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | |



F-15 Canopy Remover Cartridge



Issue:

- No contract in-place to deliver replacement components since 2010.

Cause:

- HES 5808.32 propellant experienced repeated production failures by industry.
 - **✓** Obsolescence of key ingredient Plasticizer
- USG challenged for several years to produce useable quantities of propellant.
- Defense Contracting Audit Agency (DCAA) investigation into corporate rates took 6 months to complete.
 - Stopped all contract awards to sole source manufacturers Oct 2015 Mar 2016.
- Contract Required Delivery Date (Original): Sep 2012.
 - Contract awarded 10 Jun 2016 (4 years of requirements).
 - Contract award delayed due to non-availability of propellant.
 - Lot Acceptance Test (LAT) failures in early stages of production.

Impact:

- Determination was made by the F-15 System Program Office (SPO) through a Hazard Risk Assessment (Medium Risk), dated 16 July 2016 that warfighters could fly at risk on temporary life extensions up to 48 months beyond original expiration date.
- 53 aircraft are on temporary life extensions.



F-15 Canopy Remover Cartridge



- Four (4) successful 5808.32 propellant mixes produced Mar 2016
- FY11/FY12/FY13/FY14 Contract awarded Jun 2016
 - ✓ Lots 2,3,4,5 & 6 (190 assets) completed as of May 2018
 - ✓ Lot 7 (2-Seat); 25ea ECD Sep 2018 Shipping In-work
- FY15/FY16/FY17 Contract awarded Apr 2018
 - ☐ Lot 1; 40ea (2-Seat) Delivery due Jan 2020
 - ☐ Lot 2; 70ea (2-Seta) Delivery due Jan 2020
 - ☐ Lot 3; 75ea (2-Seat) Delivery due Jan 2020
 - ☐ Lot 4; 43ea (1-Seta) Delivery due Jan 2020
- FY18/FY19/FY20 PR; 107ea (2-Seat) Estimate contract award by Aug 2019
- Complete mechanistic aging assessment and Aging & Surveillance Tests Aug 2018
 - ✓ Evaluate results for potential permanent service life increase



F-16 Canopy Jettison Rocket Motor



Issue:

- Three ruptured motor failures since 2010 at Manufacturer
 - Lot Acceptance Test (LAT) failure 9 Aug 2010
 - Cold test unit experienced rapid overpressure (exploded)
 - Batch check unit failure 9 Mar 2012
 - Hot test unit experienced rapid overpressure (exploded)
 - LAT failure 28 Oct 2013

■ Hot unit (+200°F) experienced rapid overpressure (exploded) Cause:

- Manufacturer A Insufficient bond strength between propellant, liner, and motor tube case lead to excessive surface area burning and overpressure.
- Manufacturer B Propellant grains (PN 55012) cast from TAL-1526 B161 propellant exhibited soft propellant at the machined ends of the grain.
- Exhibited inadequate material strength and was deformable with light hand pressure.

Impact:

- Temporary life extensions will support up to 24 months and 48 months (based on lot) beyond original expiration.
- Manufacturer A product recalled; to be replaced by warranty.

- ✓ FY17 Contract; 158ea L/H and 253ea R/H EDD Sep 2018
- ☐ FY18 Contract; 136ea L/H and 199ea R/H (Oct. 2018); EDD Apr 2020



F-16 Emergency Canopy Release Line



Issue:

- 255ea (P/N: 828282-008) delivered to partner countries do not fit in single seat aircraft

Cause:

- First Article Test (FAT) successful
- Production lines failed fit check tooling changed required by manufacturer
- Fit checks conducted three times before "successful" fit approved

Impact:

- Lot Numbers MSV13L001-001 and MSV14F002-001 suspended from issue/use
 - Users directed to submit Supply Discrepancy Report (SDR)
 - User to dispose locally
 - To be replaced by warranty
- Temporary life extensions supportable up to 36 months beyond original expiration to accommodate delivery and installation of replacement components

Get Well:

☐ Manufacture to rebuild and replace, via warranty, EDD July 2019



F-16 M99 Initiator



Issue:

Contract delivery of replacement components late to need

Cause:

- Production delayed due to foreign material outside of primers during x-ray inspection
 - Primer is internal component to M91 Impulse Cartridge installed into the M99 Initiator
 - Loose primer composition is classified as a critical defect (Aging Characteristics)
- Late acquisition/delivery of hardware from sub-tier suppliers
 - Hardware delivery from vendor was rejected; being reworked causing delays

Impact:

- Temporary life extensions are supportable up to 24 months beyond original expiration

- ☐ FY14; (264ea) Original delivery due December 2015; EDD June 2019
- ☐ FY15; (64ea) Original delivery due October 2016; EDD June 2019
- ☐ FY16; (174ea) Original delivery due January 2018; EDD January 2020
- ☐ FY17; (91ea) Original delivery due April 2018; EDD April 2020
- ☐ FY18; (67ea) EDD June 2020



F-16 0.33 Dual Delay Initiator



Issue:

- Production delays on one (1) contract; components late to need

Cause:

- Administrative delays within contracting to award FY15 procurement package delayed contract award by 15 months
- High order quantity has driven significant delays in receiving hardware from sub-tier suppliers to meet contractual delivery date

Impact:

 Temporary life extensions supportable up to 24 months beyond original expiration to accommodate delivery and installation of replacement components

- ✓ FY15 Contract; 1,000ea original delivery due Dec 2017
 - ✓ Lot 1; 350ea now Sep 2018
 - ✓ Lot 2; 650ea now Sep 2018
- ✓ FY16 Contract; 364ea EDD Jan 2019
- ☐ FY17 Contract; 427ea EDD Jul 2019
- ☐ FY18 Contract; 202ea EDD Oct 2019
- ☐ FY19 PR; 111ea estimate contract award May 2019



F-16 0.40 Dual Delay Initiator



Issue:

- Production delays on one (1) contract; components late to need

Cause:

- Administrative delays within contracting to award FY15 procurement package delayed contract award by 15 months
- High order quantity has driven significant delays in receiving hardware from sub-tier suppliers to meet contractual delivery date

Impact:

 Temporary life extensions supportable up to 24 months beyond original expiration to accommodate delivery and installation of replacement components

- ✓ FY16 Contract; 120ea EDD Feb 2019
- ☐ FY17 Contract; 181ea EDD Aug 2019
- ☐ FY18 Contract; 91ea EDD Oct 2019
- ☐ FY19 PR; 296ea Estimated contract award May 2019



F-16 1.0 Dual Delay Initiator



Issue:

- Production delays on one (1) contract; components late to need

Cause:

- Administrative delays within contracting to award FY15 procurement package delayed contract award by 15 months
- High order quantity has driven significant delays in receiving hardware from sub-tier suppliers to meet contractual delivery date

Impact:

 Temporary life extensions supportable up to 24 months beyond original expiration to accommodate delivery and installation of replacement components

- ✓ FY16 Contract; 249ea EDD Feb 2019
- ☐ FY17 Contract; 129ea EDD Jun 2019
- ☐ FY18 Contract; 232ea EDD Oct 2019
- ☐ FY19 PR; 61ea Estimated contract award May 2019



F-16 Gas-Actuated DTA Initiator



Issue:

Contract delivery of replacement components late to need

Cause:

 Administrative delays within contracting to award FY15 procurement package delayed contract award by 15 months

Impact:

- Temporary life extensions supportable up to 24 months beyond original expiration to accommodate delivery and installation of replacement components

- ✓ FY16 Contract; 1,172ea EDD Aug 2018
- ☐ FY17 Contract; 823ea EDD Aug 2019
- ☐ FY18 Contract; 326ea EDD Oct 2019
- ☐ FY19 PR; 1,346ea Estimated contract award May 2019



F-16 Manually-Actuated DTA Initiator



Issue:

Contract delivery of replacement components late to need

Cause:

 Administrative delays within contracting to award FY15 procurement package delayed contract award by 15 months

Impact:

 Temporary life extensions supportable up to 24 months beyond original expiration to accommodate delivery and installation of replacement components

- ✓ FY16 Contract; 807ea EDD Jul 2018
- ☐ FY17 Contract; 2,139ea EDD Aug 2019
- ☐ FY18 Contract; 682ea EDD Oct 2019
- ☐ FY19 PR; 763ea Estimated contract award May 2019



F-16 Thin Layer Explosive (TLX) Lines



Issue:

- Obsolescence of Halar® 300 (Plastic beads used in TLX thin layer explosive cord)
 - Sole source TLX manufacturer notified by sub-tier supplier they no longer produce small runs of Halar® 300
 - March 2012, TLX manufacturer submitted Engineering Change Proposal (ECP) indicating Halar® 300 was obsolete & replacement material was Halar® 300LC (Low Corrosive)
 - US Government required Halar® 300LC meet all F-16 specifications for TLX performance and shelf/service life
 - TLX manufacturer failed to provide adequate testing to prove the material would age to meet the assigned shelf/service life of TLX lines
 - US Government rejected ECP
- CAD/PAD Joint Program Office asked Halar® 300 supplier to determine if a last procurement was possible
 - Contract awarded for production run of "lifetime buy"; shipped 2013
 - New contract negotiated with TLX manufacturer to extrude Halar® 300 plastic into explosive cord with stainless steel over-braid
 - Stocked at TLX manufacturer and provided as government furnished material (GFM) to be manufactured into TLX lines – 2014
 - Production resumed with increased operators and production shifts to meet backlog

FINAL Approved: Case Number 75ABW-2019-0042 Approved for Public Release. Distribution Statement A: distribution unlimited



F-16 Thin Layer Explosive (TLX) Lines



- Cause:
- **Product Recall/Suspension #1:** February 2015
 - Three production shifts implemented to fill backlog once GFM braided cord was available (~1,000 lines/month)
 - Production engineer identified new operator did not cut sufficient material from rejected sections & splices
 - Automated inspection equipment sprays red mark on areas with high or low explosive core load; 80" sections to be removed
 - Affected lines produced/delivered in 2014 are restricted from issue and currently pending warranty replacements
 - User to dispose locally
- Lot Acceptance Test (LAT) Failure: December 2014
 - During LAT a single line failed to propagate
 - Initial investigation evaluated many factors and identified test fixture causing line to kink
 - Fixture was modified with new "Z" bend fitting and double sampling added
 - Additional failures occurred
 - Explosive core load study revealed measurement inconsistency ranges from low to high
- **Product Recall/Suspension #2:** June 2016
 - Evaluation determined 2014/2015 produced TLX lines were suspect and issued recall
 - Identified low/high core loads were due to improper laser sensing system calibration
 FINAL Approved: Case Number 75ABW-2019-0042 Approved for Public Release. Distribution Statement A: distribution unlimited



F-16 Thin Layer Explosive (TLX) Lines



Impact:

- Temporary life extensions supportable up to 72 months beyond original expiration
 - F-16 System Program Office Hazard Risk Assessment (Medium Risk); 27 June 2016
- Multiple delinquent Contracts/Delivery Orders (DO)
 - FY12 Contract = 2,342ea
 - FY13 Contract; DO 1 = 1,448ea
 - FY14 Contract; DO 2 = 1,792ea

- ~18,000 TLX lines on backlog (USAF/FMS, Navy, Commercial)
 ☐ FY12 Contract (Mar 2013)
 ✓ -721 & -723 lines; Delivered Mar 2018
 ☐ Remaining P/N lines; EDD Jun 2019
 ☐ FY13 Contract (DO 1/April 2014); EDD Nov 2019
 ☐ FY14 Contract (DO 2/Nov 2016); EDD Nov 2019
- ✓ Award 5-Year IDIQ Contract (Mar 2018)
 - ☐ FY15/FY16/FY17 Contract (DO 1); EDD Aug 2020
 - ☐ FY18 Contract (DO 2); contractual EDD Jan 2020
 - ☐ FY19 Contract (DO 3) contractual EDD Jun 2020



New Qualified Components



- Canopy Remover Cartridge (F-15C)
 - P/N: 2297800-1
 - ✓ Hazard Classification record updated due to increased Net Explosive Weight (NEW)
 - ✓ Technical Data Package and performance remains unchanged
- .75 Time Delay Initiator (F-15)
 - P/N: 21301900-2
 - ✓ Configuration changed from single primer to dual primer
 - ✓ Performance remains unchanged



Shelf/Service Life Changes



- All SMDC Lines/Kits (F-15)
 - ✓ Shelf/Service Life increased from 240/156 to 240/192.
- Initiator, External Canopy Jettison
 - ✓ Shelf Service Life increased from 108/96 to 120/108





QUESTIONS?