# Naval Vessel Historical Evaluation FINAL DETERMINATION



This evaluation is unclassified

Name	Hull Number
SUMNER	T-AGS 61
Vessel Class	Previous Vessel Designation (if any)
PATHFINDER (T-AGS 60)-class surveying	None
ship	
Vessel Location	Current Status
Operates worldwide, no homeport assigned	In service with Military Sealift Command

<b>Initial Evaluation Date</b>	Initial Finding	
30 June 2014	Ineligible	
Final Evaluation Date	Eligibility for Listing to the National Register of Historic Places	
8 September 2014	Ineligible	

## **Vessel Snapshot**

Lineage	The third U.S. Navy ship named SUMNER (the first named for the late Capt. Allan M. Sumner, USMC), and the second named in honor of Captain Thomas Hubbard Sumner (20 March 1807 – 9 March 1876), who developed the celestial navigation method known as the Sumner Line or line of position.	
Displacement	3,019 tons (light), 5,000 tons (full)	
Length	329 feet	
Beam	58 feet	
Draft	19 feet	

Speed	16 knots
Propulsion	Diesel-electric; 4 EMD/Baylor diesel generators; 11, 425 horsepower (8.52 MW); 2 GE CDF 1944 motors; 8,000 horsepower (5.96 MW) sustained; 6,000 horsepower (4.48 MW); 2 Lips Z drives; bow thruster, 1,500 horsepower (1.19 MW).
Armament	n/a
Laid Down	18 November 1992
Launched	28 February 1994
Built By	Halter Marine Moss Pt. Shipyard, Mississippi
Sponsor	Mrs. Carlton [Marian] Croyle and Mrs. Robert [Pam] DeLeo, widows of the late Carlton Croyle and Robert DeLeo, Assistant Project Manager and Project Engineer, respectively, on the AGS-60 Program with Naval Sea Systems Command PMS-383, who perished in a plane crash in June 1993
Delivered	29 May 1995
Commissioned	n/a
Inactivated	n/a
Decommissioned	n/a
Stricken	n/a

## **Vessel History**

Deployment Summary	MSC's surveying ships used precise, multi-beam, wide-angle, hydrographic sonar systems to collect water-depth measurements and other related data. The information was used to produce accurate charts and other products for Navy warfighters. In addition to survey work, SUMNER and PATHFINDER
Summary	<u>.</u>

	range missile tracking for the Navy's Strategic Systems Program Office.  SUMNER is one of seven such ships of MSC's Special Mission Ships  Program.
	August 2008 - RIMPAC Exercises - SUMNER participated in mine-laying and recovery operations, as well as surveillance support.
	July 2009 - Morocco for Exercise <i>African Lion</i> - an annually scheduled combined U.SMoroccan exercise designed to improve interoperability and mutual understanding of each nation's tactics, techniques and procedures. SUMNER supported operations throughout the SEALOGEUR area of operations, sailing as far south as South Africa and as far North as Oslo, Norway.
	December 2009 - SUMNER surveyed the southern region of the Atlantic Ocean in support of the U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office.
	2010 - SUMNER made a brief two-week return to the U.S. Sixth Fleet area of responsibility for survey operations in the southern Atlantic Ocean. The ship returned to Sealift Logistics Command Atlantic/U.S. 4th Fleet.
	February 2010 – SUMNER surveyed the harbor at Port au Prince, Haiti, to determine if there were major changes to the ocean floor, or if any debris from the earthquake was hidden where it could damage ships delivering relief supplies. SUMNER assisted by passing remote surveying systems and support equipment to sister ship HENSON (T-AGS 63).
	December 2011 - Subic Bay, Philippines
	2013 – Pearl Harbor, HI
	Expected to begin deactivation in 2014
Awards	National Defense Service Medal
Noteworthy Events	None found other than those mentioned in deployment summary above.
DANFS* Entry	Placeholder entry in progress

 $<sup>*</sup>Dictionary\ of\ American\ Naval\ Fighting\ Ships$ 

### Criteria Evaluation<sup>1</sup>

i. Was the vessel awarded an individua	l No
Presidential Unit Citation?	
ii. Did an individual act of heroism take	e No
place aboard the vessel such that an	
individual was subsequently awarde	d
the Medal of Honor or the Navy Cro	ss?
iii. Was a President of the United States	No
assigned to the vessel during his or h	er
naval service?	
iv. Was the vessel was the first to	No
incorporate engineering, weapons	
systems, or other upgrades that	
represent a revolutionary change in	
naval design or warfighting capabilit	ties?
v. Did some other historic or socially	No
significant event occur on board the	
vessel?	
<b>Historic Evaluation Conclusion</b>	Ineligible

Sources	
	http://www.nvr.navy.mil/nvrships/details/AGS61
	http://www.msc.navy.mil/inventory/ships.asp?ship=161&type=OceanographicSurveyShip
	http://www.navsource.org/archives/09/10/1061.htm
	http://www.marinetraffic.com/ais/details/ships/303872000/vessel:USNS_SUMNER

#### **Historic Preservation Stakeholder Comment**

Historic preservation stakeholder comments received are considered when preparing final determinations. The initial determination for this vessel was made available for comment by historic preservation stakeholders for 60 days. During that time, the Navy received no written comments.

Comments Received	Comment Disposition

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Evaluation conducted using triggers established for naval vessels in *Program Comment for the Department of Navy for the Disposition of Historic Vessels*, issued by the Advisory Council for Historic Preservation on 15 March 2010.